

Protect your income-producing assets

A strategy to create income options for your retirement

Lincoln WealthAdvantagesm Indexed UL case study

Meet Jim

He's age 45 A divorced father of a tween daughter, Abigail

Jim is familiar with the unexpected. He thought that his marriage would last forever, but things changed. Like many of his friends, he wonders if Social Security will be there when he retires. Years ago, his eligibility for full benefits advanced from age 66 to 67. And he feels that could change again.

But Jim is a take-charge guy who wants to prepare for the future. He makes contributions to his retirement account every year, and if his investments do well, he expects to accumulate \$1 million in the next 20 years. He's just not sure he's doing enough and is concerned with the volatility of the market.

His retirement plan has seen great returns the last couple of years but he wonders how long the bull market will last.

He's concerned what will happen to his retirement account, especially with extreme volatility, when he needs it for income. Jim also wants to have enough financial protection for Abigail if something should happen to him.

Jim's current retirement plan

• He hopes to have \$1 million in the next 20 years

Jim's goals

- Portfolio protection from volatility and tax erosion
- Sufficient retirement income to enjoy his lifestyle
- Financial protection so that Abigail can complete her education

Volatility risk in retirement

Market downturns can have a significant impact on the value of Jim's portfolio when he retires and begins to take annual withdrawals. If he doesn't plan ahead, he could potentially outlive his savings.

Insurance products issued by: The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company



Many Americans are aware that they need to take charge of their financial future. Times have changed. Today, Millennials and Gen Xers wonder what their Social Security and Medicare benefits will be when they retire.

Because the responsibility of saving for retirement has shifted from employers and the government to you, the impact of market volatility, rising taxes, and longevity risk can be significant. And a market downturn in the early years of your retirement can rapidly deplete your savings. This is why your retirement planning strategy should help protect your portfolio by giving you income options for your future.

In the following example, we are not addressing a required minimum distribution (RMD). Each situation will differ. Keep in mind that the IRS can impose a 50% tax on RMDs not withdrawn. Please consult your advisor to determine if this plan make sense for you.

The wealth protection strategy

Because no one can predict if the market will be up or down when they retire, Jim's advisor recommends that he supplement his retirement account with a *Lincoln WealthAdvantage*SM Indexed UL policy. In addition to his Social Security benefits, Jim will have another potential source of income that can protect his retirement savings when market conditions are volatile. He can tap into his policy's cash value to give his retirement account the opportunity to recover from negative returns.

Jim will pay an annual premium of \$8,000 until he's age 65. And his policy will give him:

- A \$550,000 income tax-free death benefit for Abigail if Jim dies before he takes policy distributions
- Tax-deferred growth opportunities with reduced market volatility
- A potential source of tax-efficient retirement income that can help protect his savings

The challenge –

When he retires, Jim wants to start taking annual distributions of \$50,000.* Without a *Lincoln WealthAdvantage* IUL policy, market downturns could have an erosive effect on the value of his retirement account as he takes distributions. In this hypothetical example he will run out of money at 82, before his life expectancy age of 85.

Jim's retirement account

Jim's total after-tax distributions from retirement account

\$878,412

Jim's total after-tax distributions

\$878,412

Jim's portfolio value at age 85

\$(

Jim's retirement account value drops to \$0 at age 82, before his life expectancy

Jim's total benefit at age 85

\$878,412

Without *Lincoln WealthAdvantage* IUL his retirement strategy fails.

The solution –

With *Lincoln WealthAdvantage* IUL, Jim has sufficient retirement income.

Jim's retirement account supplemented by his Lincoln WealthAdvantage Indexed UL policy

Jim's total after-tax distributions from retirement account

\$775,578 from his policy \$325,372

Jim's total after-tax distributions

\$1,100,950

Jim's retirement account value at age 85
\$1.068.927

Death benefit at age 85

\$146,255

Jim's total benefit at age 85

\$2,316,132

With *Lincoln WealthAdvantage* IUL his retirement strategy succeeds.

Page 2 of 4

How the strategy works

Jim retires at age 66 with income options. He plans to take annual withdrawals from his retirement account, but will rely on tax-free participating loans* from his *Lincoln WealthAdvantage* Indexed UL policy the year following a negative return. This gives his retirement account the chance to recover from market downturns.

Jim likes that his policy gives him financial protection and income that's sheltered from market and tax risk. His policy offers indexed account options tied to S&P 500 Index performance¹ to cover a wide range of returns a guaranteed 1% minimum interest rate and a guaranteed persistency bonus starting in the 16th policy year that credits interest regardless of S&P performance. And because the index accounts never earn a negative interest rate, his policy gains are locked in and Jim will never have to recover from S&P 500 Index losses before seeing positive interest credited to his account. He feels confident about his future because this strategy helps him move toward his goal of having enough income to enjoy the years ahead.

How it's designed to work –

What if the stock market falls from all-time highs? What if we return to the volatility and bouts of negative returns we saw in the 1970s and 80s? In the years following a negative stock market return (indicated by the orange bars in the table below), Jim takes annual participating loans from his *Lincoln WealthAdvantage* Indexed UL policy instead of his retirement account, thus allowing the retirement account to potentially rebound when the stock market rebounds.

| Age | After-tax distributions from retirement account | Tax-free participating loans from policy | Hypothetical S&P 500 Index annual return | Policy death benefit at year end | Retirement account value at year end | *Assumes a 1% annual growth rate. ¹ Excluding dividends. |
|-----|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 66 | \$50,000 | \$0 | -0.97% | \$550,000 | \$924,262 | Hypothetical annual returns |
| 67 | | \$50,500 | 9.90% | \$499,500 | \$1,015,801 | based on the performance of the S&P 500 Index |
| 68 | \$51,005 | \$0 | 20.01% | \$496,975 | \$1,137,469 | without dividends for annual |
| 69 | \$51,515 | \$0 | -21.57% | \$494,324 | \$838,234 | periods from December 15 |
| 70 | | \$52,030 | -28.35% | \$439,510 | \$600,637 | to December 15 from 1970 through 1989. Examples are for illustrative purposes only and do not represent the returns for any investment. This example does not include any required minimum |
| 71 | | \$52,551 | 32.55% | \$381,435 | \$796,119 | |
| 72 | \$53,076 | \$0 | 19.36% | \$373,006 | \$865,744 | |
| 73 | \$53,607 | \$0 | -11.02% | \$364,157 | \$706,713 | |
| 74 | | \$54,143 | 1.90% | \$300,722 | \$720,160 | |
| 75 | \$54,684 | \$0 | 14.69% | \$288,258 | \$742,301 | distributions taken after the age of 70½. <i>Lincoln</i> |
| 76 | \$55,231 | \$0 | 18.40% | \$275,171 | \$791,713 | WealthAdvantage Indexed |
| 77 | \$55,783 | \$0 | -4.99% | \$261,429 | \$681,538 | UL assumes male, age 45, standard nontobacco, |
| 78 | | \$56,341 | 9.96% | \$190,660 | \$749,420 | \$550,000 level death benefit, \$8,000 annual premium paid for 20 years, annual participating loans taken in years shown, 6% assumed |
| 79 | \$56,905 | \$0 | 19.54% | \$172,693 | \$805,129 | |
| 80 | \$57,474 | \$0 | 1.21% | \$153,827 | \$737,285 | |
| 81 | \$58,048 | \$0 | 29.59% | \$142,579 | \$855,139 | |
| 82 | \$58,629 | \$0 | 17.07% | \$157,428 | \$909,589 | rate, state of Pennsylvania. |
| 83 | \$59,215 | \$0 \$0 | -2.18% | \$173,415 | \$812,564 | Assuming 1% and current charges, policy lapses at |
| 84 | | \$59,807 | 12.96% | \$130,794 | \$917,878 | age 71. Assumed 25% tax |
| 85 | \$60,405 | \$0 | 27.66% | \$146,255 | \$1,068,927 | rate on retirement account distributions. |
| | | | | | | |

Get ready for your future

Ask your advisor how a Lincoln wealth protection strategy can help you reach your retirement income goals.

The value of *Lincoln WealthAdvantage[™]* Indexed UL in the strategy

One solution for protection and income because you want to reduce your exposure to market volatility

Guaranteed minimum 1% return—When the index percentage change is less than 1%, your account is still credited 1%. Policy charges remain in effect and could reduce the policy value.

Tax-advantaged growth potential—When the index percentage change is positive for the 1-year indexed period, your account is credited a positive rate.

Locked-in gains—The indexed accounts never earn a negative interest rate, and you never have to recover from S&P 500 Index losses.

Persistency bonus—You're rewarded for your long-time policy ownership with a guaranteed bonus in policy years 16 and beyond.

Participating loans for greater income potential by including all of your policy cash value, even the amount you borrow, in indexed account growth*

A fixed loan option with a guaranteed loan charge rate for more predictability*

Distributions are taken through loans and withdrawals which reduce your policy's cash surrender value and death benefit and may cause the policy to lapse. Loans are not considered income and are tax free. Withdrawals and surrenders are tax-free up to your cost basis, provided your policy is not a modified endowment contract (MEC). A MEC policy is one in which the life insurance limits exceed certain high levels of premium, or the cumulative premium payments exceed certain amounts specified under the Internal Revenue Code. For policies that are MECs, distributions during the life of the insured, including loans, are first treated as taxable to the extent of income in the contract, and an additional 10% federal income tax may apply for withdrawals made prior to age 59½.

Important information:

Lincoln Financial Group[®] affiliates, their distributors, and their respective employees, representatives and/or insurance agents do not provide tax, accounting or legal advice. Please consult an independent advisor as to any tax, accounting or legal statements made herein.

The S&P 500 Index is a product of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC ("SPDJI"), and has been licensed for use by The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company. Standard & Poor's®, S&P® and S&P 500® are registered trademarks of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC ("S&P"); Dow Jones[®] is a registered trademark of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC ("Dow Jones"); and these trademarks have been licensed for use by SPDJI and sublicensed for certain purposes by The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company. The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company's product is not sponsored, endorsed, sold or promoted by SPDJI, Dow Jones, S&P, their respective affiliates, and none of such parties make any representation regarding the advisability of investing in such product nor do they have any liability for any errors, omissions, or interruptions of the S&P 500 Index.

Lincoln WealthAdvantage[™] Indexed UL is issued on policy form UL6046/ICC15UL6046 and state variations by The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company, Fort Wayne, IN, and distributed by Lincoln Financial Distributors, Inc., a broker-dealer. The Lincoln National Life Insurance Company does not solicit business in the state of New York, nor is it authorized to do so.

All guarantees and benefits of the insurance policy are subject to the claims-paying ability of the issuing insurance company. They are not backed by the broker-dealer and/or insurance agency selling the policy, or any affiliates of those entities other than the issuing company affiliates, and none makes any representations or guarantees regarding the claims-paying ability of the issuer.

Products, riders and features are subject to state availability. Limitations and exclusions may apply. Not available in New York.

Not a deposit Not FDIC-insured Not insured by any federal government agency Not guaranteed by any bank or savings association May go down in value

©2015 Lincoln National Corporation

LincolnFinancial.com

Lincoln Financial Group is the marketing name for Lincoln National Corporation and its affiliates.

Affiliates are separately responsible for their own financial and contractual obligations.

LCN-1189876-050415 POD 10/15 **Z02** Order code: UL-ACCUM-FLI001

